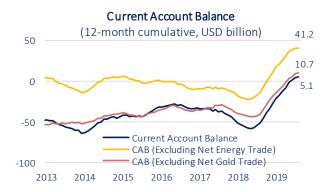




## Current account surplus came in at 2.6 billion USD.

Current account balance has also posted a surplus in August. In this period, current account surplus increased by 27% compared to the same period of the previous year and came in at 2.6 billion USD, slightly below expectations. The course of the general merchandise trade and the rise in tourism revenues were behind this development.

12-month cumulative current account balance rose to a historically high level with a surplus of 5.1 billion USD in August. Excluding net energy trade, 12-month current account surplus reached to 41.2 billion USD, while current account surplus excluding gold trade increased to 10.7 billion USD.



# Net tourism revenues at historically high level...

The contribution of tourism revenues to the current account balance have continued in August. Net tourism revenues rose by 22.2% yoy to 4.1 billion USD, reaching historically high level. According to the general merchandise on a balance of payments basis, foreign trade deficit narrowed by 42.8% to 1.2 billion USD. On the other hand, non-monetary gold trade, which posted a surplus of 531 million USD in August 2018, gave a deficit in the same month of this year, putting pressure on current account balance.

# Direct investments recorded a net inflow of 825 million USD.

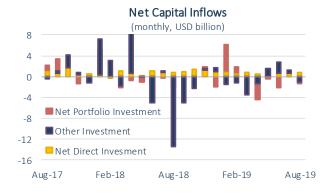
Net foreign direct investments were realized as 825 million USD, close to the amount of the same period of the previous year. In this period, real estate investments increased by 1.9% yoy to 542 million USD.

## Weak course in portfolio investments continued.

Portfolio investment recorded a net outflow of 1.3 billion USD in August. In this period, non-residents' equity securities and government domestic debt securities transactions posted a net sales of 512 million USD and 149 million USD, respectively.

#### Other investments...

In August, a net outflow of 1 billion USD was realized in other investments. In this period, banks' currency and deposits within their foreign correspondent banks and nonresident banks' deposits held within domestic banks increased by 769 million USD and 434 million USD, respectively.



Regarding the loans provided from abroad, banks, General Government and other sectors realized net repayments of 1.8 billion USD, 430 million USD and 175 million USD, respectively. According to the 12-month cumulative

#### **Net Capital Flows**

11.10.2019

	12-month C (million		Share in Financing (%)		
	Dec. 2018	Aug. 2019	Dec. 2018	Aug. 2019	
Current Account Balance	-27,031	5,097	-	28.5	
Total Net Foreign Capital Flows	-2,434	-1,442	-	-	
-Direct Investment	9,353	9,143	24.1	51.2	
-Portfolio Investment	-3,115	-66	-	-	
-Other Investment	-8,734	-10,548	-	-	
-Other	62	29	0.2	0.2	
Net Errors and Omissions	19,088	3,598	49.1	20.1	
Reserves(1)	10,377	-7,253	26.7	-	

Note: The numbers may not addup total due to rounding.

Source: Datastream, CBRT

1

<sup>(1) (-)</sup> sign indicates an increase in reserves, while (+) sign indicates decrease.



(USD million)

figures, the long-term debt roll-over ratio of the banking sector remained at the lowest level since November 2009 with 62%, parallel to the slowdown in loan demand. The said ratio was 97% in other sectors.

#### Reserves and net errors and omissions...

**Balance of Payments** 

In August, official reserves increased by 254 million USD. In this period, net errors and omissions posted an outflow of 800 million USD.

## Expectations...

According to provisional data announced by the Ministry of Trade, the foreign trade deficit posted a slight increase in September. In addition to the upward trend in the foreign trade deficit, we think that weaker support from tourism revenues will put pressure on the current account balance in the upcoming period. We expect the current account deficit to GDP ratio to be 0.2% in 2019.

Datatice of Fayinetics	Aug.	lan -	Jan Aug.		% 12-month	
	2019	2018	2019		12-month Cumulative	
Current Account Balance	2,604	-31,116	1,012	Change	5,097	
Foreign Trade Balance	-1,619	-40,273	-12,235	-69.6	-13,878	
Services Balance	5,216	16,360	20,550	25.6	30,021	
Travel (net)	4,059	13,117	16,161	23.2	23,669	
Primary Income	-1,093	-7,493	-7,779	3.8	-12,086	
Secondary Income	100	290	476	64.1	1,040	
Capital Account	9	62	29	-53.2	29	
Financial Account	1,813	-12,971	3,634	33.2	8,724	
Direct Investment (net)	-825	-4,776	-4,566	-4.4	-9,143	
Portfolio Investment (net)	1,337	2,711	-338	-	66	
Net Acquisition of Financial Assets	736	1,002	3,971	296.3	6,116	
Net Incurrence of Liabilities	-601	-1,709	4,309	-	6,050	
Equity Securities	-512	-1,281	434	-	584	
Debt Securities	-89	-428	3,875	-	5,466	
Other Investment (net)	1,047	2,504	4,318	72.4	10,548	
Currency and Deposits	-45	4,100	2,675	-34.8	-906	
Net Acquisition of Financial Assets	752	10,248	9,842	-4.0	6,899	
Net Incurrence of Liabilities	797	6,148	7,167	16.6	7,805	
Central Bank	-18	1,064	526	-50.6	3,737	
Banks	815	5,084	6,641	30.6	4,068	
Foreign Banks	434	4,910	3,791	-22.8	616	
Foreign Exchange	527	2,139	3,500	63.6	-1,143	
Turkish Lira	-93	2,771	291	-89.5	1,759	
Non-residents	381	174	2,850	1,537.9	3,452	
Loans	2,346	-1,954	10,568	-	21,814	
Net Acquisition of Financial Assets	-21	-126	-75	-40.5	172	
Net Incurrence of Liabilities	-2,367	1,828	-10,643	-	-21,642	
Banking Sector	-1,762	-4,309	-7,954	84.6	-18,652	
Non-bank Sectors	-175	6,390	-1,664	-	-1,397	
Trade Credit and Advances	-1,246	406	-8,870	-	-10,379	
Other Assets and Liabilities	-8	-48	-55	14.6	19	
Reserve Assets (net)	254	-13,410	4,220	-	7,253	
Net Errors and Omissions	-800	18,083	2,593	-85.7	3,598	

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